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116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION /

GPO

[Report No. 116-306]

To establish requirements relating to credit scores and educational credit scores, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 5, 2019

Mrs. BEATTY introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

NOVEMBER 21, 2019

Additional sponsor: Mr. CLEAVER

NOVEMBER 21, 2019

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on July 5, 2019]

A BILL

2

To establish requirements relating to credit scores and educational credit scores, and for other purposes. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Free Credit Scores for
5 Consumers Act of 2019".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress finds the following:

8 (1) While nationwide consumer reporting agen-9 cies ("CRAs") are required by law to supply con-10 sumers with a free copy of their credit report annu-11 ally, they can charge consumers to obtain a credit 12 score disclosure.

13 (2) A July 2011 report by the Consumer Finan-14 cial Protection Bureau ("Consumer Bureau") titled "The Impact of Differences between Consumer- and 15 Creditor-Purchased Credit Scores" found that the 16 17 credit scores made available to and purchased by con-18 sumers from CRAs are unlikely to be the same credit 19 scores used by creditors and lenders to evaluate con-20 sumers' creditworthiness.

(3) That report found that the scarcity of public
educational tools to inform consumers of the differences among credit scores, the large combined market share and brand recognition of FICO credit
scores, and the marketing practices of some credit

score sellers may perpetuate consumers' confusion
 about credit scores. As a result, some consumers may
 be purchasing an educational credit score or sub scribing to a credit monitoring service sold by a CRA,
 without realizing the limitations and usefulness of
 these products and services.

7 (4) Similarly, a September 2012 Consumer Bu-8 reau report titled "Analysis of Differences between 9 Consumer- and Creditor-Purchased Credit Scores" found that consumers do not know before they pur-10 11 chase a credit score from a CRA whether this credit 12 score will closely track or vary significantly from the 13 credit score sold to creditors or lenders. Given the lack 14 of transparency about the usefulness of credit scores 15 that are marketed for purchase by consumers from 16 CRAs and the resulting consumer confusion, the Con-17 sumer Bureau recommended that companies selling 18 scores to consumers clearly inform consumers that the 19 scores marketed to consumers for purchase by CRAs 20 can vary, sometimes substantially, from the scores 21 that are actually sold to and used by creditors and 22 lenders.

23 (5) A February 2011 study by Consumer Federa24 tion of America and VantageScore also found that
25 half of the consumers surveyed did not know that a

1	credit score is designed to indicate the risk of not re-
2	paying a credit obligation. Consumers also did not
3	know who makes credit scores available, what numer-
4	ical range constitutes excellent credit standing, or the
5	financial implications of having a low credit score.
6	(6) Many consumers do not realize that they
7	have more than just "one" credit score. Because the
8	submission of credit information to CRAs is vol-
9	untary and not all furnishers submit information to
10	every CRA, the information contained in a report
11	also varies among CRAs. As a result, the credit score
12	generated by each CRA is also likely to vary, result-
13	ing in potentially different credit decisions based on
14	an evaluation of different credit reports obtained from
15	different CRAs.
16	(7) A February 2015 Consumer Bureau report
17	titled "Consumer Voices on Credit Reports and
18	Scores" found that consumers had questions about
19	what actions to take to improve their scores once they
20	had seen them, suggesting that additional disclosures
21	and educational content would be helpful to con-
22	sumers. The Consumer Bureau found that consumers
23	were confused by conflicting advice on how to improve

their scores.

(8) That report also noted that consumers found
 the process for obtaining consumer reports and credit
 scores confusing. Consumers also were uncertain
 about whether, and under what circumstances, they
 could obtain a consumer report for free.

6 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 603 of the Fair Credit Re8 porting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681a) is amended by adding at
9 the end the following new subsection:

10 "(bb) Credit Score and Educational Credit
11 Score Definitions.—

12 "(1) CREDIT SCORE.—The term 'credit score' 13 means a numerical value or a categorization derived 14 from a statistical tool or modeling system used by a 15 person who makes or arranges a loan or extends cred-16 it to predict the likelihood of certain credit behaviors, 17 including default, as determined by the Bureau.

18 "(2) EDUCATIONAL CREDIT SCORE.—The term 19 'educational credit score' means a numerical value or 20 categorization derived from a statistical tool or mod-21 eling system based upon information from a consumer 22 report that assists consumers in understanding how a 23 lender or creditor may view the consumer's credit-24 worthiness in deciding whether to make a loan or ex-25 tend credit to that consumer.

1	"(3) Key factors.—The term 'key factors'
2	means relevant elements or reasons affecting the credit
3	score for the particular individual, listed in the order
4	of importance based on the effect of each element or
5	reason on the credit score or educational credit score.
6	"(4) CREDIT SCORING MODEL.—The term 'credit
7	scoring model' means a scoring algorithm, formula,
8	model, program, or mechanism used to generate a
9	credit score or an educational credit score.".
10	(b) Conforming Amendments.—The Fair Credit Re-
11	porting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) is amended—
12	(1) in section $605(d)(2)$, by striking "(as defined
13	in section $609(f)(2)(B)$)"; and
14	(2) in section 615—
15	(A) by striking "as defined in section
16	609(f)(2)(A)" each place that term appears; and
17	(B) by striking "set forth in subparagraphs
18	(B) through (E) of section $609(f)(1)$ " and insert-
19	ing "with respect to a credit score described in
20	section $609(f)(2)$, if available" each place that
21	term appears.

1 SEC. 4. EXPANDS EXPLANATORY INFORMATION GIVEN TO

2	CONSUMERS ABOUT HOW SCORES ARE CAL-
3	CULATED.
4	Section 609(f) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
5	U.S.C. 1681g(f)) is amended to read as follows:
6	"(f) Disclosure of Credit Score and Edu-
7	CATIONAL CREDIT SCORE BY CONSUMER REPORTING
8	Agencies.—
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon the request of a con-
10	sumer for a credit score or educational credit score,
11	a consumer reporting agency shall supply to the con-
12	sumer a statement—
13	"(A) containing—
14	"(i) a current credit score at the time
15	of the request generated using a commonly
16	used credit scoring model to generate credit
17	scores, subject to regulations of the Bureau;
18	"(ii) an educational credit score at the
19	time of the request, if it is not practicable
20	to generate such a credit score, as deter-
21	mined by the Bureau; or
22	"(iii) an explanation that the con-
23	sumer's file does not have sufficient infor-
24	mation from which to generate such a credit
25	score or educational credit score; and

1	(B) with respect to each previous credit
2	score in the file of the consumer—
3	"(i) the date on which the credit score
4	was generated;
5	"(ii) the name of any entity that the
6	credit score was provided to; and
7	"(iii) the credit score itself.
8	"(2) Requirements.—A statement provided
9	under clause (i) or (ii) of paragraph (1)(A) shall in-
10	clude—
11	"(A) a minimum of 4 key factors, if avail-
12	able, that adversely affected the credit score or
13	educational credit score, except that if one of the
14	key factors consists of the number of enquiries
15	made with respect to a consumer report, that fac-
16	tor shall be provided to the consumer in addition
17	to the factors required by this subparagraph;
18	(B) to the extent possible, specific actions
19	a consumer could take with respect to each key
20	factor listed in subparagraph (A) to improve the
21	consumer's credit score or educational credit
22	score;
23	(C) a minimum of 4 key factors, if avail-
24	able, that positively affected the credit score or
25	educational credit score;

1	(D) the range of possible credit scores or
2	educational credit scores under the credit scoring
3	model used;
4	((E) the distribution of credit scores or edu-
5	cational credit scores among consumers who are
6	scored under the same credit scoring model by
7	the consumer reporting agency, and using the
8	same scale as that of the score that is provided
9	to a creditor or consumers—
10	"(i) in the form of a bar graph con-
11	taining a minimum of 6 bars that illus-
12	trates the percentage of consumers with
13	credit scores or educational credit scores
14	within the range of scores represented by
15	each bar; or
16	"(ii) by another clear and readily un-
17	derstandable graphical depiction, statement,
18	or illustration comparing the consumer's
19	credit score or educational credit score to
20	the scores of other consumers, as determined
21	by the Bureau;
22	``(F) the date on which the credit score or
23	educational credit score was created; and

1	"(G) the name of the person that developed
2	the credit scoring model on which the credit score
3	or educational credit score was based.
4	"(3) Applicability to certain uses.—This
5	subsection shall not be construed so as to compel a
6	consumer reporting agency to—
7	"(A) develop or disclose a credit score if the
8	agency does not distribute credit scores used by
9	a person who makes or arranges a loan or ex-
10	tends credit to predict the likelihood of certain
11	credit behaviors; or
12	``(B) develop or disclose an educational
13	credit score if the agency does not develop edu-
14	cational credit scores that assist in under-
15	standing the general credit behavior of a con-
16	sumer and predicting the future credit behavior
17	of the consumer.
18	"(4) Maintenance of credit scores.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—All consumer reporting
20	agencies shall maintain in the consumer's file
21	credit scores relating to the consumer for a pe-
22	riod of 2 years from the date on which such in-
23	formation is generated.
24	"(B) Disclosure only to consumers.—
25	A past credit score maintained in a consumer's

1	file pursuant to subparagraph (A) may only be
2	provided to the consumer to which the credit
3	score relates and may not be included in a con-
4	sumer report or used as a factor in generating
5	a credit score or educational credit score.
6	"(C) Removal of past credit scores.—
7	A past credit score maintained in a consumer's
8	file pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be re-
9	moved from the consumer's file after the end of
10	the 2-year period described under subparagraph
11	(A).".
12	SEC. 5. REQUIRES CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCIES TO
13	DISCLOSE PROMINENTLY THE DIFFERENCES
14	BETWEEN AND LIMITATIONS OF CREDIT
15	SCORES AND EDUCATIONAL CREDIT SCORES
16	REQUIRED PRIOR TO A CONSUMER OBTAIN-
17	ING SUCH SCORES.
18	Section 609(f) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
19	U.S.C. 1681g(f)), as amended by section 3, is further
20	amended by adding at the end the following new para-
21	graphs:
22	"(5) Website disclaimer.—A consumer report-
23	ing agency that generates or provides credit scores or
24	educational credit scores shall clearly and conspicu-
25	ously display on the home page of the agency's Inter-

net website, and as part of any application, solicita tion, or marketing material or media providing infor mation related to a credit score or educational credit
 score, the following notice, in boldface type of 18 point font or larger and in a text box with boldface
 outer borders:

7 "CREDIT SCORE DISCLAIMER.

"There is no "one" credit score. There are many scor-8 9 ing formulas derived from a wide variety of models available to a consumer and used by lenders and creditors. Dif-10 ferent lenders and creditors use different scoring formulas 11 to determine whether to extend credit or make a loan to 12 13 you, and the terms of the credit or loan. An educational credit score is not a credit score that a person who makes 14 15 a loan or extends credit to you is likely to use. Educational credit scores are merely intended to be used as an edu-16 cational tool to help consumers understand how the infor-17 18 mation contained in a consumer report may affect the terms 19 and conditions of a loan or extension of credit that may be available to a consumer. Lenders and creditors may also 20 21 rely on information not contained in your consumer report 22 and not reflected in the calculation of your credit score.'. 23 "(6) Additional requirements for edu-

24 CATIONAL CREDIT SCORES.—

"(A) DISCLAIMER.—If an educational credit score is provided pursuant to paragraph (1),
a consumer reporting agency shall clearly and
conspicuously include in a prominent location
on the statement, in boldface type of 18-point
font or larger, and in a text box with boldface
outer borders, the following notice:

8 *"EDUCATIONAL CREDIT SCORE DISCLAIMER.*

"'The educational credit score provided to you is not 9 a credit score that a lender or creditor is likely to use to 10 11 make a loan or extend credit to you. There are many different credit scores derived from a wide variety of models 12 used by lenders and creditors. An educational credit score 13 is merely an educational tool. It is intended to provide con-14 15 sumers with a basic understanding of how the information contained in a consumer report may affect the terms and 16 17 conditions of credit that are available. The credit scores you receive directly from different lenders and creditors may not 18 19 be the same as an educational credit score. There are a 20 number of reasons for this:

21 "'(1) Each company may use a different for22 mula for calculating credit scores and the differences
23 in the formulas may lead to differences in your scores.
24 "'(2) Companies may produce scores that give
25 results on different scales.

1	"(3) Not all lenders or creditors report to every
2	consumer reporting agency, and therefore the infor-
3	mation contained in your consumer report that the
4	consumer reporting agencies use to calculate your
5	educational credit score may differ among agencies.'.
6	"(B) PROHIBITION ON MISLEADING REP-
7	RESENTATIONS.—A consumer reporting agency
8	may not refer to an educational credit score as
9	a credit score in any application, solicitation,
10	marketing, or other informational materials or
11	media.
12	"(7) Modification of disclaimers.—The Bu-
13	reau may modify the content, format, and manner of
14	the disclaimers required under paragraphs (5) and
15	(6), if warranted, after conducting consumer testing
16	or research.".
17	SEC. 6. PROVIDES CONSUMERS WITH FREE CREDIT SCORE
18	DISCLOSURES WITH THEIR FREE ANNUAL
19	CONSUMER REPORTS UPON REQUEST AND
20	CREATES INSTANCES WHEN CONSUMERS
21	AUTOMATICALLY RECEIVE FREE CONSUMER
22	REPORTS AND CREDIT SCORES.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 612 of the Fair Credit Re-
24	porting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681j) is amended—
25	(1) in subsection (a)—

1	(A) in paragraph (1)—
2	(i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
3	after "section 609" the following: "(includ-
4	ing the disclosure of a credit score or edu-
5	cational credit score under subsection (f) of
6	such section)"; and
7	(ii) in subparagraph (C)—
8	(I) by striking "Commission"
9	each place such term appears and in-
10	serting "Bureau"; and
11	(II) by inserting ", credit scores,
12	and educational credit scores (as ap-
13	plicable)" after "consumer reports"
14	each place that term appears;
15	(B) in paragraph (2)—
16	(i) by striking "15 days" and inserting
17	"3 business days"; and
18	(ii) by inserting ", credit score, or edu-
19	cational credit score" after "consumer re-
20	port";
21	(C) in paragraph (3), by inserting ", credit
22	score, or educational credit score" after "con-
23	sumer report"; and

1	(D) in paragraph (4), by inserting ", credit
2	scores, or educational credit scores" after "con-
3	sumer reports";
4	(2) in subsection (b), by inserting "(including
5	the disclosure of a credit score or educational credit
6	score, as applicable, under subsection (f) of such sec-
7	tion)" after "section 609";
8	(3) in subsection (c)—
9	(A) by inserting "(including the disclosure
10	of a credit score or educational credit score
11	under subsection (f) of such section)" after "pur-
12	suant to section 609";
13	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "; or"
14	and inserting a semicolon;
15	(C) in paragraph (3), by striking the period
16	at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
17	(D) by adding at the end the following new
18	paragraphs:
19	"(4) has disputed information, or submitted an
20	appeal of an investigation or reinvestigation of such
21	information, under section 611 or 623, regardless of
22	whether the consumer has already received a credit re-
23	port, credit score, or educational credit score under
24	section 611 or 623; or

1	"(5) has had information that was previously
2	deleted under section $611(a)(5)$ reinserted into the
3	consumer's file, regardless of whether the consumer
4	has already received a credit report, credit score, or
5	educational credit score under such section.";
6	(4) in subsection (d), by inserting "(including
7	the disclosure of a credit score or educational credit
8	score under subsection (f) of such section)" after "sec-
9	tion 609";
10	(5) in subsection $(f)(1)$ —
11	(A) by striking "reasonable charge" and all
12	that follows through "section 609" and inserting
13	"reasonable charge on a consumer for providing
14	a consumer report to a consumer";
15	(B) by striking subparagraph (B) ;
16	(C) by redesignating clauses (i) and (ii) as
17	subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively (and
18	conforming the margins accordingly); and
19	(D) in subparagraph (B) (as so redesig-
20	nated), by striking "disclosure; and" and insert-
21	ing "disclosure."; and
22	(6) by adding at the end the following new sub-
23	sections:
24	"(h) Centralized Source for Obtaining Free
25	Copy of Consumer Report and Scores.—

1	"(1) NATIONWIDE CONSUMER REPORTING AGEN-
2	CIES.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180
4	days after the date of enactment of this sub-
5	section, each consumer reporting agency de-
6	scribed under subsection (p) of section 603 shall
7	prominently display on the home page of the
8	agency's website—
9	"(i) a hyperlink labeled 'Get Your Free
10	Annual Credit Reports along with either
11	your Credit Scores or Educational Credit
12	Scores provided for under Federal Law' or
13	substantially similar text, as determined by
14	the Bureau; and
15	"(ii) a disclosure titled 'Consumer's
16	Right to Free Credit Scores, Educational
17	Credit Scores, and Reports under Federal
18	Law' or substantially similar text, as deter-
19	mined by the Bureau that includes the fol-
20	lowing statement:
21	"'All consumers are entitled to obtain a free copy of
22	$their\ consumer\ report\ and\ credit\ score\ or\ educational\ credit$
23	score annually from each of the nationwide consumer re-
24	porting agencies. Under Federal law, a consumer is entitled
25	to obtain additional free copies of their consumer reports,

along with a copy of either the consumer's credit score or
 educational credit score (under certain circumstances), in cluding:

"(1) When a consumer is unemployed and in-4 5 tends to apply for employment within 60 days. 6 "(2) When a consumer is a recipient of public 7 welfare assistance. "(3) When a consumer has a reasonable belief 8 that their report contains inaccuracies as a result of 9 10 fraud. "(4) When a consumer asserts in good faith a 11 12 suspicion that the consumer has been or is about to 13 become a victim of identity theft, fraud, or a related 14 crime, or harmed by the unauthorized disclosure of 15 the consumer's financial or personally identifiable in-

16 *formation*.

"'(5) When a consumer files a dispute or an appeal of the results of a dispute with a consumer reporting agency or a person who furnished information to the consumer reporting agency regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information contained on their report.

23 "'(6) After a furnisher of information discovers
24 it has furnished inaccurate or incomplete information

to a consumer reporting agency, and the furnisher no-
tifies the agency of the error.
""(7) After an adverse action is taken against a
consumer or a consumer receives a risk-based pricing
notice.
"'(8) When a mortgage lender, private edu-
cational lender, indirect auto lender, or motor vehicle
lender obtains and uses a consumer's reports or scores
for underwriting purposes.'.
"(B) Hyperlink requirements.—The
hyperlink described in subparagraph $(A)(i)$ shall

hyperlink described in subparagraph (A)(i) shall
be prominently located on the top of the home
page and should link directly to the website of
the centralized source established pursuant to
section 211(d) of the Fair and Accurate Credit
Transactions Act of 2003 (15 U.S.C. 1681j note).

17 "(C) MODIFICATIONS.—The Bureau may
18 modify the disclosure described in subparagraph
19 (A)(ii) as necessary to include other cir20 cumstances under which a consumer has the
21 right to receive a free consumer report, credit
22 score, or educational credit score.

23 "(2) NATIONWIDE SPECIALTY CONSUMER RE24 PORTING AGENCIES.—

22

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180
2	days after the date of enactment of this sub-
3	section, each nationwide specialty consumer re-
4	porting agency shall prominently display on the
5	Internet home webpage of the agency a disclosure
6	titled 'Consumer's Right to Free Consumer Re-
7	ports and Credit Score or Educational Credit
8	Score (as applicable) under Federal Law'. Such
9	disclosure shall include the following statement:
10	"'Upon request, all consumers are entitled to obtain
11	a free copy of their consumer report and credit score or edu-
12	cational credit score (as applicable) during any 12-month
13	period from each of the nationwide specialty consumer re-
14	porting agencies. Federal law also provides further cir-
15	cumstances under which a consumer is entitled to obtain
16	additional free copies of their consumer report and credit
17	score or educational credit score (as applicable) including:
18	"(1) When a consumer is unemployed and in-
19	tends to apply for employment within 60 days.
20	"(2) When a consumer is a recipient of public
21	welfare assistance.
22	""(3) When a consumer has a reasonable belief
23	that their report contains inaccuracies as a result of
24	fraud.

1	"(4) When a consumer files a dispute or an ap-
2	peal of the results of a dispute with a consumer re-
3	porting agency or a person who furnished informa-
4	tion to the consumer reporting agency regarding the
5	accuracy or completeness of the information contained
6	on their report.
7	"(5) After a furnisher of information discovers
8	it has furnished inaccurate or incomplete information
9	to a consumer reporting agency, and the furnisher no-
10	tifies the agency of the error.
11	"(6) After an adverse action is taken against a
12	consumer or a consumer receives a risk-based pricing
13	notice.
14	"(7) When a mortgage lender, private edu-
15	cational lender, indirect auto lender, or motor vehicle
16	lender obtains and uses a consumer's reports or scores
17	for underwriting purposes.'.
18	"(B) MODIFICATIONS.—The Bureau may
19	modify the disclosure described in subparagraph
20	(A) as necessary to include other circumstances
21	under which a consumer has the right to receive
22	a free consumer report and credit score or edu-
23	cational credit score (as applicable).
24	"(C) Toll-free telephone access.—The
25	information described in this paragraph shall

1	also be made available via a toll-free telephone
2	number. Such number shall be prominently dis-
3	played on the home page of the website of each
4	nationwide specialty consumer reporting agency.
5	Each of the circumstances under which a con-
6	sumer may obtain a free consumer report and
7	credit score or educational credit score (as appli-
8	cable) shall be presented in an easily under-
9	standable format and consumers shall be directed
10	to an individual who is a customer service rep-
11	resentative not later than 2 minutes after the
12	initial phone connection is made by the con-
13	sumer. Information provided through such tele-
14	phone number shall comply with the require-
15	ments of section 633.
16	"(D) Online consumer reports; exemp-
17	TION.—Upon receipt of a request by a consumer
18	for a consumer report, each nationwide specialty
19	consumer reporting agency shall provide access
•	

21 website described in section 611(h).

22 "(i) AUTOMATIC PROVISION OF FREE CONSUMER RE23 PORTS AND CREDIT SCORES OR EDUCATIONAL CREDIT
24 SCORES.—A consumer reporting agency shall provide to a

to such report electronically on the Internet

20

consumer a free copy of the file and credit score or edu cational credit score of the consumer who—

3 "(1) obtains a fraud alert, extended alert, active
4 duty alert, or security freeze as described in section
5 605A; or

6 "(2) has disputed information, or submitted an
7 appeal of an investigation or reinvestigation of such
8 information, under section 611 or 623.".

9 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 615(h)(7) of
10 such Act (15 U.S.C. 1681m(h)(7)) is amended by striking
11 "section" and inserting "subsection".

12 SEC. 7. REQUIRES PRIVATE EDUCATIONAL LENDERS TO13PROVIDE CONSUMERS WITH FREE COPIES OF14ANY CONSUMER REPORTS AND CREDIT15SCORES THAT THEY USED FOR UNDER-16WRITING BEFORE CONSUMERS SIGN LOAN17AGREEMENTS.

18 Section 609 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
19 U.S.C. 1681g) is amended by adding at the end the fol20 lowing new subsection:

21 "(h) DISCLOSURE OF CONSUMER REPORTS AND CRED22 IT SCORES BY PRIVATE EDUCATIONAL LENDERS.—

23 "(1) IN GENERAL.—If a private educational
24 lender obtains a copy of any consumer reports or
25 credit scores and uses such reports or scores in con-

1	nection with an application of a consumer for a pri-
2	vate education loan, the private educational lender
3	shall provide to the consumer, not later than 3 busi-
4	ness days after obtaining such reports or scores and
5	before the date on which the consumer enters into a
6	loan agreement with the private educational lender, a
7	copy of any such reports or scores, along with the
8	statement described under subsection $(f)(2)$.
9	"(2) COSTS.—None of the costs to the private
10	educational lender associated with procuring con-
11	sumer reports or credit scores under this subsection
12	may be charged, directly or indirectly, to the con-
13	sumer.
14	"(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
15	subsection shall be construed to eliminate any require-
16	ment for creditors and lenders to provide credit score
17	disclosures, including the statement described under

18 subsection (f)(2), to consumers as part of an adverse
19 action or risk-based pricing notice.".

1 SEC. 8. REQUIRES MOTOR VEHICLE LENDERS OR INDIRECT 2 AUTO LENDERS TO PROVIDE CONSUMERS 3 WITH FREE COPIES OF ANY CONSUMER RE-4 PORTS AND CREDIT SCORES THAT THEY 5 USED FOR UNDERWRITING BEFORE CON-6 SUMERS SIGN LEASE OR LOAN AGREEMENTS. 7 Section 609 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 8 U.S.C. 1681q), as amended by section 6, is further amended

9 by adding at the end the following new subsection:

10 "(i) DISCLOSURE OF CONSUMER REPORTS AND CRED11 IT SCORES USED BY MOTOR VEHICLE LENDERS OR INDI12 RECT AUTO LENDERS.—

13 "(1) IN GENERAL.—If a motor vehicle lender or 14 indirect auto lender obtains a copy of any consumer 15 reports or credit scores and uses such reports or scores 16 in connection with an application of a consumer for 17 a motor vehicle loan or lease, the motor vehicle lender 18 or indirect auto lender shall provide to the consumer 19 a document, separate from the consumer's lease or 20 purchase agreement and before the consumer enters 21 into a lease or purchase agreement, disclosing any 22 consumer reports and credit scores, including the 23 statement described in subsection (f)(2), used by the 24 lender to determine whether to extend credit to the 25 consumer.

1	"(2) COSTS.—None of the costs to the motor vehi-
2	cle lender or indirect auto lender associated with pro-
3	curing consumer reports or credit scores under this
4	subsection may be charged, directly or indirectly, to
5	the consumer.
6	"(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
7	subsection shall be construed to eliminate any require-
8	ment for creditors and lenders to provide credit score
9	disclosures, including the statement described under
10	subsection (f)(2), to consumers as part of an adverse
11	action or risk-based pricing notice.
12	"(4) DEFINITIONS.—
13	"(A) INDIRECT AUTO LENDER.—The term
14	'indirect auto lender' has the meaning given the
15	term by the Bureau, and shall include a person
16	extending a loan made with respect to a car,
17	boat, motorcycle, recreational vehicle, or other
18	similar vehicle used primarily for personal or
19	household purposes.
20	"(B) Motor vehicle lender.—The term
21	'motor vehicle lender' has the meaning given the
22	term by the Board of Governors of the Federal
23	Reserve System, and shall include a person ex-
24	tending a loan made with respect to a car, boat,
25	motorcycle, recreational vehicle, or other similar

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1	vehicle used primarily for personal or household
2	purposes.".
3	SEC. 9. REQUIRES RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LENDERS TO
4	PROVIDE CONSUMERS WITH FREE COPIES OF
5	ANY CONSUMER REPORTS AND CREDIT
6	SCORES THAT THEY USED FOR UNDER-
7	WRITING BEFORE CONSUMERS SIGN LOAN
8	AGREEMENTS.
9	Section $609(g)$ of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
10	U.S.C. 1681g(g)) is amended—
11	(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as para-
12	graph (5);
13	(2) in paragraph (1)—
14	(A) by striking "a consumer credit score"
15	and inserting "any consumer reports or credit
16	scores";
17	(B) by striking ", as defined in subsection
18	(f), ";
19	(C) by striking "the following to the con-
20	sumer as soon as reasonably practicable:" and
21	inserting ", not later than 3 business days after
22	using such reports or scores, a document dis-
23	closing any consumer reports and credit scores
24	used by the lender to determine whether to extend

1	credit to the consumer along with the statement
2	described in subsection $(f)(2)$.";
3	(D) by striking subparagraphs (A) , (B) ,
4	(C), (E), and (F);
5	(E) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as
6	paragraph (3) (and adjusting the margins ac-
7	cordingly); and
8	(F) by redesignating subparagraph (G) as
9	paragraph (4) (and adjusting the margins ac-
10	cordingly);
11	(3) by inserting before paragraph (3) (as so re-
12	designated) the following new paragraph:
13	"(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
14	subsection shall be construed to eliminate any require-
15	ment for lenders to provide credit score disclosures,
16	including the statement described under subsection
17	(f)(2), to consumers as part of an adverse action or
18	risk-based pricing notice.";
19	(4) in paragraph (3) (as so redesignated), in the
20	quoted material—
21	(A) by inserting ", free of charge," after
22	"disclose to you"; and
23	(B) by striking "affecting your credit
24	scores" and inserting "affecting your credit score
25	or scores";

	• <u>-</u>
1	(5) in paragraph (5) (as so redesignated) by in-
2	serting "or scores" after "credit score" each place such
3	term appears; and
4	(6) by adding at the end the following new para-
5	graphs:
6	"(6) ACTIONS NOT REQUIRED.—This subsection
7	shall not require any person to disclose any credit
8	score or related information obtained by the person
9	after a loan has closed.
10	"(7) NO PROCUREMENT COSTS.—None of the
11	costs to the creditor or lender associated with pro-
12	curing any consumer reports or scores under this sub-
13	section may be charged, directly or indirectly, to the
14	consumer.".
15	SEC. 10. RULEMAKING.
16	Not later than the end of the 2-year period beginning
17	on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Bureau of Con-
18	sumer Financial Protection shall issue final rules to imple-

19 ment the amendments made by this Act.

Union Calendar No. 247

116TH CONGRESS H. R. 3618

[Report No. 116–306]

A BILL

To establish requirements relating to credit scores and educational credit scores, and for other purposes.

November 21, 2019

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed